## Year 5: History - Anglo-Saxons and Vikings **HISTORICAL CONTEXT** ROMANS ANGLO-SAXONS VIKINGS NORMANS AD 793 AD 450 **VIKING LANDS:** WHO? Britain 400 - 500 Angle-Saxon Homeland and Settle NORTHUMBRIA ALFRED THE GREAT **KING ATHELSTAN** EDWARD THE CONFESSOR DANELAW MERCIA r. AD871 - AD899 r. AD925 - AD939 r. 1043 - 1066 CENTRAL ENGLAND Successfully defended his Defeated at the Battle An area of Anglo-Saxon Became the first King of WESSEX kingdom of Wessex from of Hastings by the England that was ruled all England. Viking invaders. Normans. by the Vikings. Burhs WHAT? First Viking attacks Edward the Battle of Hastings St Augustine brings Alfred the Great Athelstan becomes Romans leave Confessor won by William the Invasion of Anglo Christianity from in Dorset and becomes King of the first King of Vikings invade Lindisfarne North of England Britain. Saxons Rome Wessex. England. becomes King. Conqueror. H M ŜЦ. 203 **M** AD410 AD450 AD597 AD793 AD871 AD925 AD939 AD1042 AD1066 **KEY VOCABULARY MONASTERY:** A building where **PAGAN:** A person who worships many CONQUER: To take control of a KINGDOM: A country whose ruler is B gods or goddesses. people worship and devote their time to place or people by force. a king or queen. God. ARTEFACTS: Evidence from the **INVADE:** To enter a place in large **MIGRATION:** Movement from one SETTLEMENT: A small colony or past, which shows what life was like numbers, usually unwanted, in order to place to another community where people live. take over.